Title 18: Human Services

Part 8: Division of Program Integrity

Part 8 Chapter 1: MDHS Subgrant/Agreement Manual

Rule 1.1 Repeal Prior Rules/Manuals: Upon the effective date, the following Subgrant/Agreement Manual supersedes and repeals all previous Subgrant/Agreement Manuals that were filed by the Mississippi Department of Human Services and adopted.
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INTRODUCTION

Section 1

The Subgrant/Agreement Manual has been prepared to provide uniform procedures and guidance for the administration of subgrants awarded by the Mississippi Department of Human Services (MDHS). The manual serves a three-fold purpose:

(1) To ensure subgrantee funds are used for the purposes for which they are awarded;
(2) To safeguard public monies to the greatest extent possible; and
(3) To provide guidance to subgrantees in establishing and maintaining sound business accounting procedures.

The true measure of an organization’s administration effectiveness and efficiency is how it assures accountability of its resources. MDHS is driven by the desire to be a good steward of the programs and services funded and personal responsibility for all Mississipians.


The Subgrant/Agreement Manual and the respective forms associated with each section of the manual are now available online at the MDHS website (www.mdhs.state.ms.us) They may also be found in the Appendix A.

ALL MDHS SUBGRANTEEES AND ANY LOWER-TIER SUBRECIPIENTS ARE REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH THE DIRECTIVES SET OUT IN THIS MANUAL AND ALL FEDERAL REGULATIONS AS APPLIES.
DEFINITIONS

The terms and definitions included in this section are used by MDHS. The sources of these terms include 45 CFR Parts 74 and 92, documents issued by the State Auditor’s Office, the U.S. Office of Management and Budgets (OMB’s) Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal awards, which has been codified at 2 CFR Part 200, et seq., and applicable OMB circulars.

TERMS

Accounting Procedures
Methods implemented to ensure that financial information is reflected in accounting records in a consistent, proper, and orderly manner.

Accounting System
All records, formal and informal, together with the procedures related to the assembling, classifying, recording and reporting of information concerning the financial operations and conditions of a fiscal entity.

Accounts Payable
Liabilities of the subgrantee owed to persons, firms, or corporations for goods and services received. Obligations of subgrant funds must be liquidated no later than forty-five (45) days from the end of the subgrant period.

Accounts Receivable
Amounts due to the subgrantee from persons, firms, or corporations for goods and services.

Accrual Basis Accounting
The basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded in the fiscal year they are earned and expenditures recorded in the fiscal year they are incurred. Obligations of subgrant funds must be liquidated no later than forty-five (45) days from the end of the subgrant period.
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Accrued Expenditure</td>
<td>An expense incurred for goods and services received during a given period which has not been paid. Accrued expenses cannot be reported on the Final Claim Support Form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acquisition Cost</td>
<td>The net invoice unit price of the equipment, including the cost of modifications, shipping, attachments, and accessories, necessary to make the property usable for the purpose for which it was acquired.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrative Cost</td>
<td>Any expenditure for governmental functions normally associated with administration of a public assistance program. The cost must be included in determining administrative costs subject to the statutory limitation on administrative costs, regardless of whether the expenditure is incurred by the State, a subrecipient, a grantee, or a contractor of the State.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrative Closeout</td>
<td>The process by which MDHS administratively performs subgrant closeout procedures upon determining that the subgrantee failed to close out a program year within the specified amount of time or failed to properly adhere to established closeout policies and regulations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allocation</td>
<td>The amount of funds provided by the funding division to a subgrantee to incur obligations and expenditures over certain period of time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appropriated Funds</td>
<td>A sum set aside by formal legislative action for a particular purpose for specific use during a specified period of time.</td>
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<td>Term</td>
<td>Definition</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assets</td>
<td>The entire recourse of the subgrantee fund, including any property (tangible or intangible) of monetary value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audit</td>
<td>The process by which a MDHS and/or any other federal entity auditor examines, reviews, and assesses the financial records with supporting documentation of subgrantees to evaluate the overall financial statements and/or to review and evaluate the programmatic measures.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Award</td>
<td>Grants and other agreements in the form of money or property, in lieu of money, by the Federal/State Government to an eligible recipient.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bond</td>
<td>A form of money guarantee which protects against loss caused by another party or by some contingency over which that party may have no control. Any bond, in which may be required by MDHS, shall be obtained from companies holding certificates of authority as acceptable sureties, according to 31 CFR Part 223. A list of these companies is published annually by the U.S. Department of the Treasury in its Circular 570.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bond, Bid Guarantee</td>
<td>A firm commitment such as a bid bond, certified check, or other negotiable instrument accompanying a bid as assurance that the bidder will, upon acceptance of the bid, execute such contractual documents as may be required within the time specified. This bond must be equivalent to five percent (5%) of the bid price.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bond, Fidelity</td>
<td>A bond against any loss resulting from fraud or lack of integrity, honesty, or fidelity of one (1) or more employees, officers, or other persons holding a position of trust with the subgrantee, which must be payable to MDHS. This bond</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
must be equivalent to twenty-five percent (25%) of the total subgrant amount.

**Bond, Payment**
A bond executed in connection with a contract to assure payment, as required by law, of all persons supplying labor and materials in the execution of the work provided for the subgrant.

**Bond, Performance**
A bond executed in connection with a subgrant to secure fulfillment of all the subgrantee’s obligations amount within a specified period of time.

**Budget**
An authorized plan of proposed expenditures and the means of financing them with respect to an allocated amount within a specific period of time.

**Budgetary Accounting**
A method of accounting, which allows for the comparison of actual revenues and expenditures to budget figures. In many cases, budgetary accounting applies to allocations and the expenditures authorized thereby.

**Budget Narrative**
A written justification adequately explaining the subgrantee’s funding needs.

**Budget Summary**
A compilation of the detailed data contained in the Cost Summary Support Sheet (MDHS-BS-1006).

**Capital Improvement**
Expenditures made by the subgrantee that either increase the value of real property or extend its useful life. Examples may include fences, outdoor lighting, heating/cooling systems,
plumbing and minor renovations. Capital improvements are permissible only as allowed by programmatic regulations and approved through the programmatic division.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Term</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cash</td>
<td>Currency, checks, money orders, or bank drafts on deposit in the account of the subgrantee agency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Balance</td>
<td>Currency, checks, money orders, or bank drafts on deposit in the account of the subgrantee agency less any checks written against these receipts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Basis Accounting</td>
<td>The basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when received and expenditures are recorded when paid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Disbursement Journal</td>
<td>A journal kept to record in sequential order the expenditures of funds whether by check or other method of payment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Federal/State</td>
<td>Cash held by the subgrantee which has been received from the grantor agency and becomes a part of the total cash balance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Local</td>
<td>Cash held by the subgrantee which has been received from sources at the local level including private, county and/or municipal government sources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Outlay</td>
<td>Total amount of cash spent by a subgrantee during a specific period of time either for expenditures, transfers between funds or refunds of unexpended cash to the grantor agency.</td>
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<td>Term</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash Payment</strong></td>
<td>The payment of cash for expenditures. Such payments may precede the expenditure (an advance), coincide with the expenditure (a direct payment), or follow the expenditure (the payment of a liability).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash Program Income</strong></td>
<td>Cash held by the subgrantee that is directly generated by a supported activity or earned as a result of the subgrant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash Receipt</strong></td>
<td>Cash received by a subgrantee for which it acknowledges accountability.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash Receipts Journal</strong></td>
<td>A journal kept to record in sequential order, the receipt of all funds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Certification of Subgrant</strong></td>
<td>A form by which the subgrantee releases the unexpended and/or unobligated balance of the subgrant/agreement to MDHS (MDHS-SGCC-1012).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Claim Support Form</strong></td>
<td>The form used to report monthly costs incurred under MDHS subgrants and to request funds on a cost reimbursement or cash advances basis (MDHS-BA-CS-001).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Closeout</strong></td>
<td>The process by which MDHS determines that all applicable administrative actions and all required work elements of the subgrant/agreement have been completed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Closeout Form</strong></td>
<td>A checklist used by the subgrantee to ensure that all closeout documents are included as a part of the subgrantee closeout package (MDHS-SGCC-1011).</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cognizant Agency</td>
<td>The Federal agency responsible for negotiating and approving indirect cost rates for the subgrantee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commodities</td>
<td>Budget category that includes various supplies, goods, merchandise, furniture, equipment of every kind, and other personal property purchased by a subgrantee or lower tier subrecipient having a unit cost of less than $1,000.00. All items costing less than $1,000.00 with a useful life of one (1) year or more are not required to be placed on inventory, excluding specialty items. However, they are required to have a Property of MDHS sticker applied. (Specialty items are listed in the Property Management section of this manual.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contract</td>
<td>A legal instrument by which a non-Federal entity purchases property or services needed to carry out the project or program under a Federal award. The term contract as used in this manual does not include legal instruments that are considered Federal grants or subgrants. The nature of the relationship between the parties will determine whether the instrument is a contract or a subgrant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost Reimbursement</td>
<td>A method of funding subgrants under which the subgrantee receives funds the following month for actual expenses incurred during the previous month. The subgrantee is reimbursed for the Federal and/or State portion of cash payments reported on the monthly ‘Claim Support Form’ (MDHS-BA-CS-001).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost Summary Support Sheet</td>
<td>A budget form used to describe the basis for determining the cost for the various activities on the Budget Summary (MDHS-CSSS-1007).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumulative Cost</td>
<td>Total cost incurred for a specific grant from the beginning date through the current period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Needs</td>
<td>A method of funding a subgrant where the subgrantee evaluates its cash needs for sixty (60) days and submits a request for these funds thirty (30) days prior to the period.</td>
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</table>
funds will be needed. Pending receipt of federal funding, the subgrantee may request payment for the Federal and/or State portion of expenses expected to be paid during the sixty (60) day period of projected cash needs once the subgrant agreement becomes effective. A ‘Cash Advance Claim Support Form’ (MDHS-BA-CS-002) is required under the current needs/cash advance method to initiate the payment process. A monthly ‘Claim Support Form’ (MDHS-BA-CS-001) is also required to report costs incurred.

Debarment
An action taken by a debarring official in accordance with Federal regulations and established procedures to exclude a legal entity or a participant from participating in covered transactions. A participant so excluded is debarred.

Direct Cost
Cost immediately identifiable with specific subgrant activities that is recorded as a subgrant expenditure when incurred.

Encumbrances
Commodities and services which have been ordered but the goods have not been received or the service has not been rendered for funds committed during current subgrant period.

Equipment/Property
Tangible property of a non-consumable nature with a useful life of one (1) year or more and an initial unit cost of $1,000.00 or more that is purchased by the subgrantee. (See the Property Management section of this manual for items that are classified as equipment, regardless of costs or if the unit cost is $250.00 or more).

Expenditure
Exchange of an asset or incurrence of a liability for an asset, goods received, or services rendered after a voucher for goods and/or services is approved.

E-verify
An internet-based system that compares information from an employee’s Form I-9, Employment Eligibility Verification, to date from U.S. Department of Homeland Security and Social Security Administration records to confirm employment eligibility. (https://www.e-verify.gov/)
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<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Expense</td>
<td>Cost incurred (cash or noncash) which is presumed to benefit operations of the current fiscal period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Statements</td>
<td>Presentations of financial data that shows the financial position and the results of financial operations of a fund, a group of accounts, or an entire subgrantee unit for a particular accounting period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finding</td>
<td>A monetary and/or non-monetary conclusion reached as a result of a monitoring review, investigative audit, or investigation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fiscal Year</td>
<td>The twelve (12) month period that is the legal period for budgeting and accounting for the subgrantee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed Assets</td>
<td>Assets of a long-term character and non-consumable in nature which are intended to be held or used for a period exceeding one (1) year. This includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery, furniture and other equipment with an initial cost of $1,000.00 or more and other items regardless of cost. See Section 5. Some exclusions apply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed Price Contract</td>
<td>Contractual agreement whereby payments to the subgrantee are contingent on the subgrantee fulfilling the agreement terms.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed Unit Price</td>
<td>Method of funding subgrants under which the subgrantee is paid a predetermined fixed price for services performed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funding Division</td>
<td>A MDHS Division that provides monies from State and/or Federal sources to fund State and/or Federal contracts or subgrants for the provision of services for or on behalf of MDHS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funding Source</td>
<td>A source from which funds are derived.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Journal</td>
<td>A journal or book of original entry that requires both the credited and debited amounts to be listed, along with respective amounts being credited or debited. Specifically, a journal consists of a chronological record of the transactions</td>
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</table>
showing an explanation of each transaction, the accounts affected, whether those accounts are increased or decreased, and by what amount. It may also be known as a General Ledger.

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<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)</td>
<td>A set of rules and regulations that represent the accepted accounting principles and practices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indirect Cost</td>
<td>Costs incurred for common or joint objectives, and therefore, cannot be readily and specifically identified with a particular project or activity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indirect Cost Plan</td>
<td>The documentation prepared by an organization to substantiate its claim for reimbursement of indirect cost. The plan provides the basis for review and negotiations leading to the establishment of an organization’s indirect cost rate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indirect Cost Rate</td>
<td>Expressed as a percentage of the indirect costs to a direct cost base pending prior approval by the appropriate authority.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In-Kind Contributions</td>
<td>The value of non-cash contributions provided by the subgrantee or non-federal parties. Contributions may be in the form of charges for real property and nonexpendable personal property or the value of goods or services directly benefitting and specifically identifiable to the project or program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internal Control</td>
<td>The plan of organization and all of the methods and measures adopted within a fund or agency to safeguard its assets, check the accuracy and reliability of the accounting data, promote operational efficiency, and encourage adherence to prescribed managerial policies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invoice</td>
<td>The original bill from the vendor indicating the price, description of goods or services sold and terms of the sale. This is used as documentary evidence that the service has been performed or the material received. If not an original, the invoice must read “customer copy.”</td>
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<td>Term</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lower-Tier Agreement</td>
<td>A legally binding document between a MDHS subgrantee and another entity to provide a service required under the MDHS subgrant, rather than the direct delivery of the services by the MDHS subgrantee. Lower-tier agreements must be approved by MDHS. All lower-tier sub-recipients must comply with the requirements specified in the MDHS Subgrant/Agreement Manual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Matching Contributions</td>
<td>The subgrantee’s non-federal cash, in-kind contributions program income used to meet federal matching requirements, including the outlay of other non-federal monies contributed to the subgrantee by other public agencies, institutions, private organizations, and individuals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Cash, Local In-Kind Program Income</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MDHS Subgrant/Agreement Manual</td>
<td>A policy manual developed by MDHS that implements the agency’s policies and procedures that are applicable to MDHS subgrantees, agreements, and any lower-tier agreements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Expendable Equipment/Property</td>
<td>Equipment or property that has a continuing use and an expected useful life of one (1) year or more and having a unit acquisition cost of $1,000.00 or more. Said equipment/property shall be tagged and placed on the Property Control List.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obligations</td>
<td>Amounts which a subgrantee may be legally required to pay out of its resources including encumbrances, as well as, accounts payable and accrued liabilities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outstanding Claimants</td>
<td>A list of all possible claimants to MDHS funds. See the Closeout Procedures section of this manual (MDHS-SGOCL-1013).</td>
</tr>
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<td>Term</td>
<td>Definition</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outstanding Encumbrances</td>
<td>The portion of the total prospective expenditures filed (such as purchase orders or executory contracts) that remain to be liquidated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outlays</td>
<td>The spending or disbursing of money.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pass-through Entity</td>
<td>A non-Federal entity that provides a subgrant to a subgrantee to carry out part of a Federal program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Based Subgrant Agreement</td>
<td>A Subgrant agreement whereby payments to the subgrantee or lower-tier sub-recipient are performance based (contingent on the subgrantee or lower-tier sub-grantee achieving specified elements of performance).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program Budget</td>
<td>A budget in which projected expenditures are assigned to specific activities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program Income</td>
<td>Gross income earned by the subgrantee that is directly generated by a subgrant or agreement supported activities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Control List</td>
<td>An updated list of all equipment purchased by the subgrantee with subgrant funds, as required by the Property Management section of this manual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Management Policy</td>
<td>Uniform standards adopted by all divisions and the Property Unit within subgrant funds, as required by the Property Management section of this manual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase Order</td>
<td>A document that authorizes the purchase of specified merchandise or services and authorizes the verification and holding of funds to cover said purchase.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Questioned Cost</td>
<td>Those funds questioned by a MDHS state, federal or any other authorized auditor that are expended by a subgrantee and are not in compliance with the terms and conditions of the subgrant/agreement or with any other compliance or federal requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Record Retention and Access Policy</td>
<td>Federal regulations that establish the requirements for record retention and access to records of subgrantees and any lower-tier sub-recipients.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Service Provider  A person or governmental department, agency, or other entity that receives federal financial assistance to carry out a program through a state or local government; but does not include an individual who is a beneficiary of such a program.

Single Audit Act Amendments  A federal act passed by Congress in October of 1984, and amended in 1996, establishing audit requirements according to 2 CFR 200, Subpart F, “Audit Requirements,” for subgrants that expend a total amount equal to or in excess of $750,000 in a single year. The Single Audit Act requires the reporting entity to have its federal financial assistance programs audited on an organization-wide basis by an independent Certified Public Accountant.

Standard Assurance Policy  Assurances and certifications by a subgrantee that they will comply with the regulations, policies, guidelines, and requirements imposed by the federal sponsoring agency and the grantor agency and ensure the compliance of any lower-tier sub-recipients.

Subgrant/Agreement  An award provided through a contractual arrangement by a pass-through entity (MDHS) to a subgrantee for the subgrantee to carry out part of a Federal award received by MDHS. It does not include payments to a contractor or payments to an individual that is a beneficiary of a Federal program.

Subgrant/Agreement Modification  A contractual agreement that alters or amends any subgrant or agreement that has been approved by appropriate MDHS personnel.

Subgrantee Travel Policy  Policy concerning in-state and out-of-state travel that defines uniform guidelines for the reimbursement of travel expenses of subgrantees.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Subsidiary Account</td>
<td>Group of related accounts which support in detail the summary data recorded in a control account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subsidiary Ledger</td>
<td>A group of subsidiary accounts; the sum of the accounts should equal the balance of the related control account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trial Balance</td>
<td>A list of the debit and credit balances of the individual accounts in a general ledger kept by double entry accounting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unallowable Cost</td>
<td>A cost that is: (1) not allocable or beneficial to the subgrant, either directly or indirectly; (2) not treated consistently with costs incurred with non-federal funds; (3) lacking the necessary documentation required by statute or regulation; (4) not authorized under the subgrant agreement; or, (5) not allowable under a specific statute, regulation, or policy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unexpended Balance</td>
<td>The portion of an allocation received that has not been expended; the balance remaining after deducting the accumulated expenditures.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor</td>
<td>A company or individual who has rendered a service or sold merchandise to a subgrantee or lower-tier sub-recipient.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REGULATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS AND STANDARD ASSURANCES  Section 3

Subgrantees are to comply with the regulations, policies, guidelines, and requirements imposed by the federal sponsoring agency and MDHS. Subgrantees are to comply with State statutes and implementing regulations that may also be applicable. Federal and State requirements include the specific program regulations applicable to each individual award as specified in the subgrant agreement.

Current federal regulations are available on the Internet at the following sites:

3. OMB Circulars – www.whitehouse.gov/omb

Please see 2 CFR 200 Subparts A-F that are particularly applicable to subgrantees, which includes Executive Orders, Federal Regulations, and OMB Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal awards, as implemented by the various Federal grantor agencies. Please note that these rules and regulations are subject to change and it is the Subgrantee’s responsibility to maintain compliance with all applicable rules, regulations, standard assurances and certifications as updated.

Certifications and Standard Assurances

Overview

Each subgrantee and any lower-tier sub-recipient must assure compliance with the regulations, policies, guidelines, and requirements imposed by the Federal grantor agency, any applicable state statutes and MDHS. There may be additional assurances required by certain Federal awarding agencies. Therefore, all subgrantees are responsible for knowing the specific requirements of their awards.

CERTIFICATIONS

Each subgrantee must certify in writing that it will comply with the following regulations:

1. Lobbying: Shall provide certification regarding lobbying to comply with Section 319, PL 101-121 (31 USC 1352);
2. Suspension and debarment: Shall provide the required certification regarding their exclusion status and that of their principals prior to the award in accordance with Executive Orders 12549 and 12689 Debarment and Suspension;

3. Drug-Free Workplace: Shall provide certification to comply with the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988;

4. Unresolved Monitoring and Audit Findings; and

5. Fidelity Bond Coverage.

STANDARD ASSURANCES

The Subgrantee assures that they:

1. Has the legal authority to apply for and receive the subgrant; that a resolution, motion, or similar action has been duly adopted or passed as an official act of the subgrantee’s governing body, authorizing the subgrant, including all understandings and assurances contained therein, and directing and authorizing the person identified as the official representative of the Subgrantee to act in connection with the subgrant and to provide such additional information as may be required;

2. Shall give MDHS, the State Auditor’s Office, the Federal grantor agency, the Comptroller General, or any other appropriate authorized State or Federal representatives, access to and the right to examine and copy all records, books, papers, documents, or any items related to the subgrant for as long as these records are required to be retained;

3. Shall establish and maintain both fiscal and program controls and accounting procedures in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and Federal grantor agency and MDHS directives and will keep and maintain such books and records for audit by MDHS, by the Federal grantor agency, by the State Auditor, or by the authorized representatives; and will maintain either electronic or paper files of all such records, books, papers, documents, or items for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of submission of the final ‘Claim Support Form’ (MDHS-BA-CS-002). If any litigation, claim, audit, or action has begun before the expiration of the three (3) year period, subgrantee will retain all such items until the completion of the action and resolution of all issues involved or until the end of the regular three (3) year period, whichever is later, and will obtain written approval from the MDHS Division of Program Integrity prior to destroying any such items as described above upon the expiration of the above-stated period. The request shall be completed by submission of the ‘Request of Dispose of Records’ form (MDHS-DPI-001);

4. Shall comply with the OMB Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards;
5. Shall provide, in a timely manner, written disclosure, and all violations of Federal
   criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting the
   subgrant;
6. Shall establish safeguards to prohibit employees from using their positions for a purpose
   that involves nepotism, and constitutes or presents the appearance of any other personal
   or organizational conflict of interest or personal gain;
7. Shall comply with all Federal and State statutes to discrimination, including, but not
   limited to:
   a. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, prohibiting discrimination on basis of
      race, color, or national origin;
   b. Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, relating to non-discrimination in matters
      of recruitment, hiring, promotion, and other employment practices;
   c. Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, as amended, relating to non-
      discrimination of the sale, rental, or financing of housing;
   d. Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, prohibiting
      discrimination on the basis of gender in federally assisted education programs and
      activities;
   e. Age Discrimination Act of 1975, prohibiting discrimination on the basis of age;
   f. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, prohibiting discrimination on the
      basis of disability;
   g. Title I, Title II and Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) (1990),
      as amended by the ADA Amendments Act of 2008;
   h. Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1981, prohibiting discrimination on the basis of
      race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, and disability;
   i. Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972, as amended, relating to non-
      discrimination on the basis of drug abuse;
   j. Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment, and
      Rehabilitation Act of 1970, as amended, relating to non-discrimination on the
      basis of alcohol abuse or alcoholism;
   k. Section 523 and 527 of the Public Health Service Act of 1912, as amended,
      relating to confidentially of alcohol and drug abuse patient records; and
   l. Any other non-discrimination provisions in the specific statute(s) under which
      these monies will be granted or awarded and the requirements of any other non-
      discrimination statute(s) that may apply to this subgrant or award.
8. Shall ensure that buildings and facilities owned, occupied, or financed by the United States government are accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities in accordance with the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design;

9. Shall comply with the requirements of the provisions of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisitions Act of 1970, which provide for fair and equitable treatment of persons displaced or whose property is acquired as a result of Federal assisted programs. These provisions apply to all interest in real property acquired for project purposes regardless of Federal participation in purchases;

10. Shall comply with the provisions of the Hatch Act, as amended, which limit the political activities of employees whose principal employment activities are funded in whole or in part with Federal funds;

11. Shall comply, as applicable, with the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act, the Copeland Act, and the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, regarding labor standards for federally assisted construction agreements;

12. Shall conform with Executive Order 11246, entitled “Equal Employment Opportunity,” as amended by EO 11375, and as supplemented in Department of Labor regulations (41 CFR Part 60) and will incorporate an equal opportunity clause in federally assisted construction contracts and subcontracts;

13. Shall comply with the minimum wage and maximum hours provisions of the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act;

14. Shall comply with the Intergovernmental Personnel Act of 1970 relating to prescribed standards for merit systems for programs funded under one of the nineteen statutes or regulations specified in Appendix A of OBM’s Standards for a Merit System of Personnel Administration;

15. Shall comply, if applicable, with Section 102(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, which requires recipients in a special flood hazard area to participate in the program and to purchase flood insurance if the total cost of the insurable construction and acquisition is $10,000 or more;

16. Shall comply with the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act, which prohibits the use of lead-based paint in construction or rehabilitation of residential structures;


18. Shall comply with environmental standards which may be prescribed pursuant to the following: (a) institution of environmental quality control measures under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 and Executive Order 11514; (b) notification of
violating facilities pursuant to Executive Order 11738; (c) conformity of Federal actions to State (Clean Air) implementation plans under Section 176 of the Clean Air Act of 1955, as amended; (d) protection of underground sources of drinking water under the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as amended; (e) Protection of endangered species under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended; (f) Section 6002 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; (g) the Coastal Barriers Resources Act; (h) protection of Wetlands pursuant to EO 11988; (i) evaluation of flood hazards in flood plains in accordance with EO 11988; and (j) assurance of project consistency with the approved State Management Program developed under the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972;

19. Shall comply with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968 related to protecting components or potential components of the national wild and scenic rivers system;

20. Shall comply with Laboratory Animal Act of 1966 pertaining to the care, handling, and treatment of warm blooded animals held for research, development and related activities supported by this subgrant;

21. Shall comply with Public Law (PL) 93-348 regarding the protection of human subjects involved in research, development and related activities supported by this subgrant;

22. Shall comply with Federal regulations regarding criteria for cost sharing or matching contributions;

23. Shall assure all funds received shall be used only to supplement services and activities that promote the purpose for which the grant is awarded and not supplant, unless specifically authorized by the program regulations and MDHS;

24. Shall comply with all applicable requirements of all other Federal and State laws, Executive Orders, regulations, and policies governing the program(s) for which these monies are provided and with the terms and conditions of the subgrant, including but not limited to all documentation/information required by MDHS for federal reporting purposes.

25. Shall comply with The Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) related to gathering and disclosing of information and documentation maintained on individuals;

26. Shall comply with all requirements of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA). This includes providing the grantor a Data Universal Number (DUNS) and other information such as executive compensation data when required so the grantor can meet the reporting requirements of FFATA;

27. Shall comply with the Program for Enhancement of Contractor Employee Whistleblower Protections (48 CFR 3.908-3, 48 CFR 52.203-17 and 41 U.S.C. 4712). Specifically, the subgrantee/lower-tier sub-recipient shall provide written notification to all employees of employee whistleblower rights and protections under 41 U.S.C. 4712, as described in 48
CFR 3.908 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation. Subgrantees shall also include in each agreement with lower-tier sub-recipients the required whistleblower provisions, as mandated in 48 CFR 52.203-17.

28. Shall provide the required certification regarding lobbying to comply with Section 319, PL 101-121 (31 U.S.C. 1352);

29. Shall provide the required certification regarding their exclusion status and that of their principals prior to the award in accordance with Executive Orders’ 12549 and 12689 Debarment and Suspension;

30. Shall provide certification to comply with the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988.

Please note that subgrantees are responsible for ensuring that they will require any lower-tier sub-recipients to comply with the above listed regulations, assurances, and any other applicable requirements of all other Federal and State laws, Executive Orders, regulations, and policies governing the program(s) for which these monies are provided and with the terms and conditions of the original Subgrant, including but not limited to all documentation/information required by MDHS for federal reporting purposes.
FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

OVERVIEW

The applicable federal and/or state regulations require that subgrantees and any lower-tier sub-recipients have in place, prior to the receipt of funds, a financial management system that will provide:

1. Accurate, current, and complete disclosure of the financial status of each subgrant and lower-tier sub-recipients;
2. Records which identify the source and application of funds for subgrant supported activities, specifically information pertaining to subgrant awards, obligations, unobligated balances, assets, liabilities, outlays, and income;
3. Effective control over and accountability for all subgrant funds, property, and other assets;
4. Comparison of actual expenditures with reported costs and budgeted cost for each cost category and work activity;
5. Procedures to ensure that original cash requested under MDHS subgrants will be expended within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt upon first request;
6. Procedures to minimize the time between receipt and expenditure of subgrant funds;
7. Procedures to ensure that all expenditures are obligated within the effective dates of the subgrant period;
8. Procedures for determining that the cost is allowable and that it may be allocated to an activity;
9. Procedures to prohibit the transfer of funds between federally funded programs and/or between subgrants or between activities within the same subgrant;
10. Procedures to ensure that each expense paid from a subgrant was authorized in the budget of the subgrant charged with the expense;
11. Accounting records (including a general ledger or comparable) that are supported by source documentation;
12. Audits which analyze the fiscal integrity of the subgrantee (required for subgrantees that expend $750,000 or more of federal financial assistance); and
13. A systematic method to assure timely and appropriate resolution of findings identified in audits or management reviews.
Accounting Procedures

Separate financial records shall be maintained for each subgrant and lower-tier sub-recipients. Separate financial systems insure record keeping requirements are met and also eliminates potential conflicts with the subgrantees usual record keeping system, which may reflect a different fiscal year, or accounting by function or department rather than by subgrant or work activity. Each subgrantee shall maintain one set of accounting records for the subgrant and shall separately identify the receipts and disbursements for each subgrant or other source of funds.

The subgrantee shall be able to isolate and trace every subgrant dollar from receipt to expenditure and have on file appropriate supporting documentation for each and every transaction. Examples of documentation includes, but is not limited to the following:

1. Vendor invoices
2. Bills of lading
3. Purchase orders
4. Payment vouchers
5. Payroll
6. Bank statements and reconciliations
7. Documentation to verify that only eligible clients were served
8. Employee activity sheets to verify activities performed and the actual hours worked for each activity/subgrant
9. Cash receipt logs to verify all funds received and the actual date of receipt

All the basic accounting records and documents listed below comprise the framework for a good financial management system. If implemented properly, such a system can provide accurate, current, and complete disclosure of the financial status of each subgrant, work activity, and cost category.

1. Cash Receipts Journal
2. Cash Disbursements Journal
3. Payroll Journal
4. General Journal/Ledger

Subgrantees shall develop their accounting system to meet the particular needs of their subgrant. The amounts recorded daily to the individual accounts shall be totaled and posted to the general ledger at least monthly in order for the subgrantee to complete the monthly ‘Claim Support Form’ (MDHS-BA-CS-002). Recording procedures shall be designed to provide information
accurately while at the same time serving as an effective control in preventing mistakes and safeguards against unauthorized uses of funds.

**INTERNAL CONTROLS**

Subgrantees of MDHS shall have in place a financial management process that contains adequate internal controls for the administration of the subgrant program. This system of internal controls may be evaluated during an audit or monitoring review of the subgrantee.

**FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

The following internal accounting control procedures are required of MDHS subgrantees and lower-tiered sub-recipients:

1. Record all cash receipts immediately;
2. Compare deposit slips with receipts;
3. Bond employees who handle cash;
4. Deposit all checks or other cash receipts within two (2) business days;
5. Make all payments by pre-numbered checks;
6. Reconcile bank accounts monthly by comparing the cash balance in the accounting records to the cash balance in the bank account and retain a copy of the reconciliation in the files;
7. Use serially numbered purchase orders and receiving reports;
8. Issue checks to vendors only in payment of original invoices that have been approved and matched with purchase orders and receiving reports;
9. Distinguish between when the time funds are received and when the funds are disbursed;
10. Mark all documentation paid to prevent duplicate payments; and
11. Retain a Certified Public Accountant firm for an audit, if required. (See the Monitoring and Audit section of this manual for exceptions)

**Documentation Requirements**

The accounting system of each MDHS subgrantee shall provide the monitors and/or auditors with adequate documentation to support the subgrantee’s financial claims. Source documents are required to support transactions entered into the subgrantee’s record keeping system. The following is a list of the minimum documentation required for selected transaction types:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CATEGORY</th>
<th>DOCUMENTATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grant Revenues</td>
<td><strong>Federal, State, and Other Receipts</strong> Identification of the source of funds (i.e., signed subgrant agreement), request for cash or request for reimbursement (i.e., Claim Support Form), cash receipts journal, validated deposit slips, withdrawals and financial reports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program Income</td>
<td><strong>Record of service, purpose, amount, and deposit slips</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Matching Cash Contributions</td>
<td><strong>Record of source donor, dates, rates, amounts, and deposit slips</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Matching Non-Cash Contributions</td>
<td><strong>Record of source donor, dates, rates, amounts, and activities performed including time, date, place, and agenda, certification of cost or market/appraised values, and documentation to verify that expenses reported as in-kind match were in proportion to the benefits received by the subgrant that was matched</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grant Expenditures</td>
<td><strong>Salaries and Fringe Benefits</strong> Personnel files shall include a job application or resume, IRS W-4 Form, State Tax withholding form, I-9 Form (if hired after May 1987), e-verify confirmation, date of hire, current approved salary/wage, time sheets and activity reports which reflect the actual hours worked and duties performed, and time distribution/activity sheets are required when the employee’s time is charged to more than one (1) subgrant or activity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category</td>
<td>Requirements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Travel</td>
<td>An approved travel voucher showing that all travel expenses were incurred for the benefit of the subgrant; and copies of supporting bills including out-of-state meal receipts, hotel bills, conference registration fee receipts, and conference agendas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone</td>
<td>Complete telephone bills and long distance telephone logs that indicate the person calling or the person called, the date and time of the call, the reason and purpose of the call, the number called, and the subgrant that benefitted from the telephone call.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment/Property</td>
<td>Original vendor invoices, receiving reports, purchase orders, competitive quotes or proof of newspapers advertisements for bids, property records, authorization to purchase equipment, and/or any other documentation necessary for purchasing law conformity. All purchases of equipment/property must be made in accordance with applicable purchasing requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commodities (Supplies)</td>
<td>Original vendor invoices, receiving reports, purchase orders, competitive quotes or proof of newspaper advertisements for bids property records, authorization to purchase equipment, and/or any other documentation necessary for purchasing law conformity. All purchases of commodities (supplies) must be made in accordance with applicable purchasing requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contractual Services</td>
<td>Original contracts for services charged to the subgrant, evidence of completion of contracts, billings for services, rental or lease agreements, competitive quotes or proof of newspaper advertisement for bids (if applicable), or</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
documentation of fair market value. All contracts for services must comply with applicable rules and regulations.

Subsidies, Loans, and Grants

Payments to/for clients: Client attendance records, documentation of services provided, including dates, times, names, and client signatures, or documentation to verify units of service provided.

Lower-Tier Sub-recipients: Copies of the lower-tier sub-recipient agreement, including budget information and the scope of services required, financial and programmatic reports, documentation of payments made to the sub-recipient, evidence of monitoring of lower-tier sub-recipients, documentation of compliance with procurement procedures, and required compliance with the MDHS Subgrant/Agreement Manual.

Other Direct Cost

Original vendor invoices, receiving reports, purchase orders, competitive quotes or proof of newspaper advertisements for bids (if applicable), and documentation of any expenses incurred for the benefit of the subgrant.

COST ALLOCATION/ INDIRECT COSTS

Many MDHS subgrantees administer more than one (1) subgrant at a time, which results in differences in the cost rate agreement, that is effective on the beginning date of the subgrant, shall be prepared and submitted as a part of the subgrant agreement. If the subgrantee’s cost allocation plan and/or indirect cost rate agreement is updated during the effective dates of the subgrant, a copy of the updated plan shall be submitted to the MDHS funding division that awarded the subgrant.

Each subgrantee shall develop a cost allocation plan and/or an indirect cost rate agreement that covers the subgrantee’s entire operation. Costs included in the plan should only be those that are not easily identifiable with a particular subgrant and/or administrative cost of the subgrantee, in which shall be equitably distributed to all subgrant programs and/or other sources of funds in proportion to the relative benefits received.
Required documentation for indirect costs includes:

1. A subgrant cost allocation plan or an indirect cost rate agreement that has been reviewed and approved by the appropriate Federal cognizant agency and MDHS, and
2. Identification of indirect cost in the accounting records that support the actual indirect cost incurred, and evidence to support the monthly allocation of indirect costs to the subgrant.

The cost allocation plan and/or indirect cost rate agreement submitted with the subgrant shall be developed in compliance with the requirements contained in the cost principles applicable to each subgrant.

Careful scrutiny of all vouchers and invoices by subgrantees and/or by MDHS is necessary to verify that they are only for legitimate cost, eligible under the governing regulations, and authorized in the subgrant agreement. MDHS shall include testing to ensure that costs are properly allocated to the correct subgrant and work activity.

The cost allocation plan should be accompanied by a certification of review by MDHS.

**TYPES OF COSTS AND DOCUMENTATION**

The following is a listing of selected types of cost and suggested bases for distributing shared costs as direct costs to MDHS subgrants:

- **Salaries/Fringe Benefits**
  - Number of hours worked for each subgrant/activity

- **Auditing**
  - Direct audit hours dollar amount of each subgrant in proportion to the total amount audited

- **Office Space Used and Related Costs**
  - Square feet of occupied space (utilities, janitorial service, etc.)

- **Local Telephone Expenses**
  - Number of telephones
Fidelity Bond Expense

Employees subject to bond or penalty amounts

Motor Pool Cost

Number of miles driven and/or days used

Printing and Reproduction

Direct hours, job basis, pages printed, etc.

Copy Machine Rental and Related

Number of copies made as documented by a copy log or access code

Postage Costs

Amount of postage used by each subgrant as documented by log

Payroll Employees

Payroll Employees/ Independent Contractors paid, in-whole or in-part from MDHS subgrant shall prepare time sheets indicating the hours worked each pay period. The distribution of payroll charges and/or payments to independent contractors shall be based on the actual time worked for the benefit of the subgrant/activity

LOWER-TIER SUB-RECIPIENTS

All expenditures that involve agreements between the subgrantee and a third-party (performing a service related to the program), must be fully disclosed in the cost summaries and budget narrative. If the subgrantee would like to enter into a lower-tier sub-recipient agreement, it must be submitted to MDHS for approval before any funds may be transferred. Said has to be approved by the programmatic funding division director, subgrant units director and a deputy executive director. The subgrantee must provide an explanation as to why a lower-tier sub-recipient is warranted. If authorized, any lower-tier sub-recipient agreement will require the lower-tier sub-recipient to comply with all the provisions of the MDHS Subgrant/Agreement Manual and any other applicable State and Federal laws. Copies of rental agreements, service agreements, consultant agreements, etc. shall be available to validate the basis of the cost category. In addition, any contractual procurement agreement received in response to solicitation, shall be submitted to MDHS within thirty (30) days after execution.
BUDGET PREPARATION

Budget is a tool used by the subgrantee to express its planned goals and objectives. It is a management tool to be used in addressing general management functions such as planning, operational performance, and control. The subgrantee’s fiscal staff shall have on file the currently approved subgrant budget including any approved modifications. The required forms and accompanying instructions that shall be used in preparing a budget for MDHS subgrants are:

1. ‘Budget Summary’ (MDHS-BS-1006): A compilation of the detailed data contained in Cost Summary Support Sheet (MDHS-CSSS-1007);
2. ‘Cost Summary Support Sheet’ (MDHS-CSSS-1007): A listing of the various budget categories separated for each activity on the ‘Budget Summary’ (MDHS-BS-1006); and
3. Budget Narrative: A written justification adequately explaining the subgrantee’s funding needs. The narrative shall relate funding needs to the operation of individual programs or activities. Sufficient detail within each line item of expenditure and each activity shall be used to clearly explain the funding needs of the operation. Insufficient narrative justification will preclude favorable consideration of requested funding levels. (See the Sample Budget Narrative available on the MDHS website)

BUDGET ACTIVITIES

Each MDHS subgrant shall be organized and budgeted by activities according to the major functions necessary to accomplish the goals and objectives of the subgrant. This grouping by activities shall be used in preparing the ‘Budget Summary’ and ‘Cost Summary Support Sheet’ as well as the Budget Narrative. If the first narrative submission does not contain sufficient information, including that information that is program specific, MDHS will request additional documentation.

If any administrative costs (direct or indirect) are included in the subgrant, they shall be budgeted in an Administration activity subject to any limits on the amount of administration that may be charged to the subgrant. Subgrantees shall consult with the MDHS funding division to determine what activities are allowable under the subgrant and whether there are limits on the amount of administrative costs that may be charged to the subgrant. Note a budget may be modified up to three (3) times in a contractual year. Modifying a budget more than three (3) times will require approval from MDHS.

BUDGET CATEGORIES

Funds authorized under MDHS subgrants shall be separated into the following budget categories:
1. Salaries and Wages
2. Fringe Benefits
3. Travel
4. Contractual Services
5. Commodities
6. Capital Outlay – Equipment
7. Capital Outlay – Other
8. Subsides, Loans, and Grants
9. Indirect Costs

Salaries and Wages

Payments made to officers and employees of a subgrant as compensation for personal services is based on the percentage of time dedicated to the subgrant. The salary budget category shall contain a line item or listing of each position authorized and the salary amount to be paid to each full-time employee and/or hourly rate authorized and number of hours authorized for each part-time employee charged to the subgrant. The salary line should disclose whether salaries are to be paid from the grant fund or in-kind match. The salary budget category shall be strictly adhered to unless a formal modification of the subgrant is approved. A vacant position may be filled at or below the budgeted rate only and no additional positions may be charged to the subgrant unless approved through the budget modification process.

FRINGE BENEFITS

Fringe benefits are payments made for the employer’s portion of expenses for social security (F.I.C.A. and Medicare), employee health/life/disability insurance premiums, worker’s compensation insurance, unemployment insurance, and pension plan costs. The fringe benefits budget category may include compensation paid to employees during periods of authorized absences from the job for vacation leave, sick leave, and/or military leave provided such cost are absorbed by all of the subgrantee’s activity. The fringe benefits budget category shall contain a line item or listing of each fringe benefit authorized on the ‘Cost Summary Support Sheet’ and in the Budget Narrative. Fringe benefits shall be limited to no more than thirty (30%) of salaries, unless justification is submitted in the budget narrative, and approved by MDHS. The amounts withheld from the employee’s gross pay (i.e., federal and state taxes, employee health/life/disability insurance premiums) cannot be budgeted or claimed for reimbursement under the subgrant as fringe benefits.
TRAVEL

Payments can be made for transportation, lodging, and related cost to employees, officers, and volunteers who are in travel status on official business. Travel includes reimbursement for in–state travel, out-of-state costs for conferences, meetings, etc., and staff reimbursement for the use of privately owned vehicles for project-related functions. The rate of reimbursement per mile will be at the rate approved by the Department of Finance and Administration on the date that travel was performed, as long as the total amount of the subgrant award charged with the expense is not exceeded. Meal costs will be reimbursed based upon the actual cost of each meal; up to the maximum daily meal rate, established by DFA, and receipts will not be required for meals reimbursed through subgrants funded by MDHS. No travel shall be allowed for employees funded through other programs unless approved by MDHS. No reimbursements will be made for the cost of commuting.

CONTRACTUAL SERVICES

Payments can be made for services rendered by persons other than employees of the subgrantee under formal, written, contractual agreements. Examples include, but are not limited to: postage, telephone/internet/pager services, utilities, rent, repair or service agreements, service charges, computer software, and/or contract workers that are independent contractors, as well as, programmatic payments for speakers, trainers, consultants, and other hired professionals.

COMMODITIES

Payments for materials and supplies with an initial unit cost less than $1,000.00, which are used to benefit the subgrant and are not one (1) of the items required to be reported on inventory regardless of the purchase price. Examples include: office supplies, training materials, fuel for vehicles, furniture and equipment costing less than $1,000.00, etc. (See the Property Management section of this manual for specific exceptions.)

CAPITAL OUTLAY – EQUIPMENT

Payments for the purchase of equipment, machinery, furniture and fixtures with a unit cost of $1,000.00 or more and any items which are required to be reported on inventory regardless of cost; or, payments for compensation for the use of equipment on hand through depreciation
or use allowance charges computed in accordance with the cost principles applicable to the subgrantee. Examples include but are not limited to: computers, printers, office furniture, telephone systems, motor vehicles, etc. (Refer to the Property Management section of this manual for details).

**CAPITAL OUTLAY – OTHER**

Payments for land, buildings and/or improvements to land or buildings that materially increase their value or useful life of the building; or, payments for compensation for the use of buildings through depreciation or use allowance charges computed in accordance with the cost principles applicable to the sub-grantee.

**SUBSIDIES, LOANS, and GRANTS**

Payments made for assistance to clients and/or lower-tier sub-recipients to governmental and non-governmental entities or individuals. Note the subgrantee must have lower-tier sub-recipient approval by MDHS as referenced previously.

**INDIRECT COST**

Payments for the recovery of actual costs allocated to MDHS subgrants in accordance with an agency-wide cost allocation plan or indirect cost rate agreement that complies with the cost principles applicable to the subgrantee organization.

**LINE ITEM FLEXIBILITY**

Transfers of budgeted amounts between budget categories within an activity shall be restricted to no more than ten percent (10%) of the amount authorized in receiving budget category. No funds shall be transferred into the Equipment budget category and no funds shall be transferred into or out of the Salaries, Fringe Benefits, or Indirect Costs budget categories without the submission and approval of the long form subgrant modification. There shall be no flexibility allowed between activities, unless there is a modification. For example, if the total amount authorized in the Commodities budget category is $1,000.00, the subgrantee may expend up to $1,100.00 for Commodities, as long as, funds are available from another budget category such as Travel or Contractual Services.

**FIDELITY BOND REQUIREMENT**

Employees or Board Members of subgrantees, with fiscal responsibility, shall have a fidelity/dishonesty bond in the amount of twenty-five (25%) of the total subgrant amount. Employees or Board Members of subgrantees with fiscal responsibility include:
1. Those personnel who directly authorize the disbursement of funds;
2. Those personnel who approve the request for funds disbursement;
3. Those personnel with check issuance authority; and
4. Those personnel who receive or deposit funds and/or reconcile financial records.

PAYMENTS AND COST REPORTING

MDHS permits two (2) methods of cost reporting: Cost Reimbursement and Current Needs/Cash Advance forms dependent on when submitted.

Under the Current Needs/ Cash Advance, the subgrantee shall project its cash needs for sixty (60) days and submit a ‘Cash Advance Claim Support Form’. This form is required at least thirty (30) days prior to the date that funds will be needed to allow processing time for MDHS, as well as DFA. The ‘Cash Advance Claim Support Form’ may be adjusted pending availability of funds.

The ‘Claim Support Form’ shall be completed monthly thereafter and shall be submitted to the appropriate MDHS MAGIC claims e-mail address by the tenth (10th) calendar day of the following month. Supporting documentation shall be submitted as requested. To the extent available, subgrantees must use funds from program income, rebates, refunds, contract settlements, audit recoveries, and interest earned on such funds before requesting additional cash payments. Subgrantees will receive funds the following month for expenditures incurred the previous month. The subgrantee shall report the cost incurred for the month and request reimbursement by submitting the ‘Cost Reimbursement Claim Support Form.’ The form shall be used by subgrantees to report the “total cumulative cost to date.”

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

DIRECTLY FUNDED SOCIAL SERVICES BLOCK GRANT (SSBG) SUBGRANTS

General

1. A 25% match is required on all SSBG dollars. This match may be in the form of cash and/or in-kind. A waiver may be requested under certain conditions.
2. A maximum of two (2) subgrant modifications may be requested by the subgrantee during the subgrant period. Subgrant modifications shall not be initiated by the subgrantee within the last thirty (30) days of the subgrant period, without prior approval.
by the MDHS Executive Director or designee. Requests to move more than $5,000.00
from one Broad Service Category (Budget Activity) to another will not be approved.
3. Unexpended funds at the end of the subgrant period shall be returned to MDHS.
4. Contracts funded out of SSBG in support of other divisions shall adhere to guidelines set
forth by the appropriate program division.

Match

1. The 25% match requirement is a state policy. This match may consist of cash and/or in-
kind contributions specifically related to the applicable subgrant scope of services.
2. Match is calculated as a 75/25 shared cost for program operation. Total program cost
includes programmatic and administrative costs.
3. Matching costs reported shall be verifiable from source documentation maintained either
electronically or paper on file in the subgrantee’s office. If sufficient match is not
verified, the subgrantee shall return the appropriate amount of federal dollars.
4. Match requirements may be requested to be waived. Each request for waiver of match
shall be accompanied by a full explanation for the request, listing specific activities taken
to seek the needed match and appropriate documentation of such attempts. Discretion
concerning the waiver rests with the MDHS Executive Director or designee. Waiver may
be granted for the following reasons:
   A. The State Legislature failed to appropriate adequate match after being
      specifically requested to do so;
   B. In-kind possibilities for match are currently being used as match for other
      funding sources; or
   C. Subgrantee is unable to garner sufficient support from local resources.
5. Match does not have to be calculated on an activity basis; however, the overall federal
dollars shall be adequately matched.
6. Other federal funds shall not be used to match SSBG unless it is allowable by the
regulations of the related federal program.

ALL OTHER MDHS SUBGRANTS

General

1. A maximum of three (3) subgrant modifications may be requested by the subgrantee
during the subgrant period. Subgrant modifications shall not be initiated within the last
ninety (90) days of the subgrant period without prior approval by the MDHS Executive
Director or designee. (See the ‘Modification Form’ – MDHS-MSS-1004) Modifications shall be approved by the proper avenues.

2. Major changes to the subgrant that alter the scope of services, increase or decrease the total amount of funding, affect the match requirements, authorize salary and wages, fringe benefits, equipment changes or indirect costs requires a modification of the subgrant. (See the ‘Modification Form’ – MDHS-MSS-1004)

3. Minor changes to the subgrant may be made by written agreement to the changes by the subgrantee and MDHS via an approved modification. Consult with MDHS for specific guidance on amending the subgrant.

4. Modifications shall become effective on the date specified on modification forms, or upon the signature of both parties, whichever is later; unless a waiver is approved by the MDHS Executive Director or designee.

Match

1. Match shall be available and expended in accordance with the approved subgrant agreement. If sufficient match is not verified, the subgrantee shall return the appropriate amount of federal dollars to the State.

2. Match expended and reported shall be verifiable from support documentation on file in the subgrantee’s office.

PROCUREMENT STANDARDS

General

Subgrant activities may be contracted through a third-party. Subgrantees shall follow the same policies and procedures used for procuring services, commodities, and equipment paid for by non-Federal funds. The Subgrantees are responsible for ensuring that each vendor agreement contains the required State and Federal contract provisions, as well as, the requirements outlined in the most current version of the MDHS Subgrant/Agreement Manual.

Compliance with State and Federal Regulations

Subgrantees shall adopt and follow their own procurement procedures reflecting applicable State, local, and tribal laws and regulations provided that those procurements procedures conform to applicable Federal procurement requirements as set forth in 45 CFR Part 74 and Part 92 and 2 CFR Part 200.318 to 200.326. These requirements apply to purchase for contractual services, commodities, and equipment. Procurement threshold amounts as outlined in the current version of 2 CFR Part 200.320 are hereby attached and incorporated as Appendix B.
Subgrantee’s Use of Lower-Tier Sub-recipients

If the provisions of a subgrant agreement allow a lower-tier sub-recipient to manage and administer sub-grant-supported projects, the lower-tier sub-recipient shall be bound by the lower-tier sub-recipient agreement to adhere to the MDHS Subgrant/Agreement Manual, applicable state and federal law, and all guidelines established by MDHS.

Code of Conduct

There shall be no conflict of interest, real or apparent, in the award or administration of a contract supported by subgrant funds. The subgrantee shall maintain a written code or standards of conduct, which shall govern the performance of their officers, employees or agents engaged in the award and administration of contracts supported by federal funds. (See 45 CFR Part 74 and Part 92, 2 CFR 200.318, or other applicable federal law for further specific guidance.) Contractors/Vendors involved with drafting specifications, requirements, statements of work, request for proposal (RFP), or any other solicitation shall be excluded from bidding or submitting a proposal to compete for award for such procurement.

Open and Free Competition

All subgrantee procurement transitions shall be conducted in a manner that provides maximum open and free competition consistent with 45 CFR Part 74, 92, and 2 CFR Part 200 and other applicable federal laws. Procurement procedures shall not restrict or eliminate competition. Interagency agreements are excluded from this provision. Procurement procedures must also affirmatively encourage use of minority businesses, women’s business enterprises, and labor surplus area firms. (See 2 CFR 200.321 for guidance.)

Subgrantee Files

Each subgrantee shall maintain adequate files and documentation to support any purchases made and to detail the procurement process for each purchase. Purchases made by formal bid process or otherwise may be subject to public record as provided in Section 25-61-1 et seq. Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated.

TRAVEL

Pursuant to 2 CFR 200.474, travel costs are expenses incurred by employees who are in travel status on official business. These costs must be consistent with costs normally allowed under the MDHS written travel reimbursement policy as outlined below. These costs may also be subject to the Federal requirements as outlined in 2 CFR 200.474.
Section 25-3-41, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972), authorizes the Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration to set guidelines for travel reimbursement of state officials and employees. As these laws and regulations are amended, this policy shall be amended accordingly.

A complete list of all current rules and regulations established by the Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) is available on the Internet at [www.dfa.ms.gov](http://www.dfa.ms.gov). State travel regulations are also contained in the Mississippi Agency Accounting Policies and Procedures Manual (MAAPP), Section 13.

All travel related expenses will be reimbursed at the State rates and pursuant to DFA policies identified above. Should the federal grant exclude certain travel reimbursements and thereby conflict with any DFA travel policy or regulation, then the federal grant exclusion and/or reimbursement requirement shall control. In that instance, Subgrantees must provide written documentation showing that the Subgrantee exercised due diligence to identify the least expensive and most practical method of transportation.

The ‘Travel Voucher Form’ is provided in Appendix A to this manual.

**DEBARMENT**

In order to protect the public trust imposed upon MDHS and its involvement with subgrantees, it is the policy of the agency to conduct business only with responsible persons/subgrantees. Therefore, the applicable MDHS Funding Division shall verify the suspension/debarment status of any potential subgrantee, prior to contracting with the subgrantee and shall maintain written documentation of the verification. In addition, the MDHS subgrantee shall verify the suspension/debarment status of his/her lower-tier sub-recipient(s) prior to contracting with the lower-tier sub-recipient and shall maintain written documentation of the verification. When it appears that a subgrantee’s conduct, as determined by the agency, creates a reasonable belief that a particular act or omission has occurred, MDHS shall implement discretionary actions known as debarment and suspension, possibly leading to termination. A subgrantee and/or a lower-tier sub-recipient who is debarred or suspended shall be excluded from agency financial and nonfinancial assistance and benefits. These are serious actions which shall be used only in the public interest and for the agency and State of Mississippi’s protection and not for purposes of punishment.
Coverage

This policy shall apply to all persons/subgrantees who are currently participating in transactions under state non-procurement programs. For purposes of these regulations, transactions shall be referred to as covered transactions which may be subdivided into (1) primary covered transactions, (i.e., any non-procurement transactions between MDHS and the subgrantee, regardless of type,) or (2) lower-tier covered transactions, (i.e., transactions between subgrantee and another other than a procurement contract for goods or services), regardless of type, under a primary covered transaction.

Effect of Action

Except the extent prohibited by law, subgrantees that are debarred or suspended shall be excluded from primary covered transactions and lower-tier covered transactions for the period of their debarment or suspension.
PROPERTY MANAGEMENT

OVERVIEW

Uniform standards on inventory management shall ensure the effective use and control of subgrantee property and equipment under the jurisdiction of MDHS. Property inventory management is applicable to all non-expendable equipment and property having a useful life of one (1) year or more and having a unit acquisition cost or fair market value of $1,000.00 or more. All such property and equipment shall be tagged and placed on the inventory. There are other specific items also listed in this chapter that are required to be placed on MDHS’ inventory regardless of price. Items with a useful life of one year or more with a unit cost of less than $1,000.00 are not required to be placed on inventory but are required to have a “Property of MDHS” sticker applied. It will be the responsibility of the MDHS Subgrant Property Officer, in collaboration with the MDHS Director of the Office of Property, to ensure proper reporting of all equipment and property and that such information is accurately recorded and maintained at the MDHS Office of Property.

If equipment or property is authorized under an MDHS subgrant, the property or equipment shall be purchased within ninety (90) days from the beginning date of the subgrant, or within thirty (30) days of the effective date of the modification which authorizes the purchase of property or equipment. If it becomes necessary to purchase other property or equipment to accomplish the purpose of the subgrant after the ninety (90) day beginning date of the Subgrant/Agreement, then this purchase will require a modification to the relevant section of the agreement. No equipment or property shall be purchased during the last thirty (30) days of the subgrant. These time limits are also applicable to property or equipment purchased with nonfederal funds or donated by third parties that is used to match funds under an MDHS subgrant.

This Subgrantee/Agreement Inventory Management section serves as a minimum guide in the development of the MDHS inventory management system as it relates to subgrants and is meant to provide guidelines for the following:

- Purchase approval
- Purchase of used equipment
- ‘Inventory Control List’ (MDHS-PROP-SE02)
- Property identification
- Physical inventory
- Property which has been lost, stolen, or damaged
• Property disposal or transfer
• Subgrantee or program closeout

Subgrant property management implementation shall be the responsibility of the MDHS office of Property and its Subgrant Property Officer with oversight provided by the Director of the Office of Property in conjunction with the Deputy Director of Programs. Verification shall be the responsibility of the Division of Budgets and Accounting’s Property Officer. Property which has been stolen shall be reported by the subgrantee/contractor to the MDHS Subgrant Property Officer and to the Director of the Office of Property within 24 hours of discovery.

POLICY

Sub-grantees may refer to the 45 CFR Parts 74 and 92, CFR 200.310 through 200.316, or applicable federal law regulating property management for further guidance on property management standards. All property and assets purchased through MDHS sub-grants shall be placed on inventory in accordance with the applicable Federal guidelines, the statutes of the State of Mississippi, and the rules set forth in the State Property Officers Manual. The State Property Officers Manual is available online through the Mississippi Office of the State Auditor’s website.

Purchase Approval: All equipment purchased with subgrant monies shall be specifically authorized through the ‘Cost Summary Support Sheet’ and the ‘Budget Narrative’ of the subgrant agreement. Any deviation shall require a formal modification (long form) of the subgrant. The equipment needs of the sub-grantee shall be assessed by the Director of the Office of Property in conjunction with the Deputy Director of Program Staff who will analyze all prior sub-grants/contracts and the equipment needs expressed in the Scope of Services and the Terms and Conditions of the current sub-grant. All means of acquiring the proposed equipment, e.g., leasing, shall be reviewed before authorization is given by MDHS.

Duplication of property or equipment purchases is prohibited by statute. A capital lease or lease purchase agreement is prohibited by statute.

The assessment criteria to be used for purchase approval shall include, but is not limited to, the following:

• How significant is the need cited to the successful operation and completion of the project?
What is the total expense involved to satisfy this need? Include all associated costs that are required for the equipment or property.

Are there hidden associated costs, i.e., maintenance, rent, shipping, freight, etc.?

Complicated items should have a full cost analysis prior to approval for purchase.

Who will benefit from the purchase of these items? Short-term contracts should not include the purchase of equipment.

How long will the need exist?

What will be the consequences of foregoing such a purchase?

Should we rent, lease, or purchase the items under consideration?

Assess availability of needed items from surplus of used property from other active/inactive sub-grantees, or from DFA Office of Surplus Property.

Note: All property or equipment purchased, in whole or in part, with funds provided by MDHS, shall be held in trust by the subgrantee as trustee for MDHS, and shall not be encumbered without the written or signed approval of the MDHS Sub-grant Property Officer, Director of Property, and the MDHS Executive Director. The sub-grantee shall record liens, or other appropriate notices of record, that property or equipment has been acquired, or where applicable, improved with funds provided by MDHS. Only Federal or State property may be upgraded with MDHS funds. The use and disposition of such property or equipment are prescribed by the MDHS Sub-grant/Agreement Manual.

Purchase of Used Property and/or Equipment

Sub-grantees who wish to purchase used property and/or equipment, must submit a written request and justification to the appropriate MDHS Division Director for Approval, before proceeding with procurement. This is in addition to the established purchase requirements set out in the Procurement section of this manual.

Use of Property and/or Equipment under MDHS Subgrants

The subgrantee shall use the property and/or equipment in the project or program for which it was acquired as long as needed, whether or not the project or program continues to be supported by Federal funds and shall not encumber the property without approval of the MDHS Executive Director. When no longer needed for the original project or program, the sub-grantee may contact the MDHS Office of Property, specifically, the designated MDHS Subgrant Property Officer, who may then contact the MDHS Director of Property or his designee and request written authorization for the sub-grantee to use the equipment in connection with the sub-
grantees other federally-sponsored activities, as required under federal regulations, such request to be signed by MDHS Executive Director.

**Statement of General Policy – Property Inventory Rules**

Where applicable, equipment or property items 1, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12 listed below shall be included on inventory regardless of the price and items 2, 4, and 7 listed below shall be included on inventory if the price paid to acquire or the fair market value is greater than $250.00 per unit, as required by the State Property Officer within the Office of the State Auditor. All other items not listed below should be included on inventory if the price paid to acquire or the fair market value is $1,000 or more. Items costing less than $1,000 with a useful life of one year or more are required to have an agency “Property of MDHS” sticker applied.

If authorized under an MDHS sub-grant, items 1, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12 listed below shall be listed on the Cost Summary Support Sheet and in the Budget Narrative under the budget category of Capital Outlay-Equipment regardless of the price. If the purchase price of items 2, 4, and 7 listed below is greater than $250.00, the items shall be listed on the ‘Cost Summary Support.’

Sheet and in the Budget Narrative under the budget category of Capital Outlay-Equipment. Items not listed below should be listed on the Cost Summary Support Sheet and in the Budget Narrative under the budget category of Capital Outlay-Equipment if the purchase price is $1,000 or more.

1. Weapons
2. Camera and Camera Equipment  
   (Greater than or equal to $250.00)
3. Two-way Radio Equipment
4. Televisions  
   (Greater than or equal to $250.00)
5. Lawn Maintenance Equipment
6. Cellular Telephones
7. Computers/Computer Equipment, including Printers (Greater than or equal to $250)
8. Chain Saws
9. Air Compressors
10. Welding Machines
11. Generators
12. Motorized Vehicles
Inventory Control List

All non-expendable equipment or property purchased with (or used to match) federal and/or state funds shall be listed on an Inventory Control List (MDHS-PROP-SE02). The Inventory Control List must be submitted to the MDHS Sub-grant Property Officer for any new and/or additional equipment purchased once the equipment or property has been received and paid for by the sub-grantee. Both the sub-grantee and the MDHS Sub-grantee Property Officer shall maintain a complete and up-to-date list of sub-grantee equipment or property. The Sub-grantee shall keep such list in a place where there is easy and immediate access in case of audits. The Sub-grant Property Officer shall maintain its complete up-to-date list in the MDHS Office or Property. The MDHS Sub-grant Master Inventory shall also be maintained in the MDHS Office of Property by the Sub-grant Property Officer. It shall be the responsibility of the MDHS Office of Property and the Sub-grant Property Officer to provide a copy of the Inventory Control List for each sub-grant that authorizes property or equipment.

- Information for the Inventory Control List shall include:
  - Sub-grantee’s Name, Address, and Telephone Number
  - Agreement Number, Grant Identifier Number, Sub-grant beginning and ending dates and/or modification, if applicable
  - Total Equipment Amount Budgeted
  - Item description, manufacture’s name etc.
  - Manufacturer’s Serial Number
  - Manufacturer’s Model Number
  - Vendor Name
  - Purchase Date or Invoice Data
  - Check Number and/or Voucher Number
  - Cost plus tac, freight or shipping charges (if applicable)
  - Location of equipment or property address
  - MDHS Inventory Number Assigned by the MDHS Property Office
  - Ultimate disposition date, including data of disposal and sales price of the method used to determine fair market value where a sub-grantee compensates the federal agency, MDHS funding source for its share.

All changes in status, such as, but not limited to, location and program use, require that the sub-grantee update the Inventory Control List, and notify the appropriate funding division in writing within a 10 working day period.
Property Identification

All sub-grantee equipment or property purchased with federal and/or state funds, or provided as match for federal and/or state funds, shall have permanent identification numbers assigned by the MDHS Property Office (Equipment Inventory Tagging Form MDHS-PROP-SE01). Permanent identification shall be made by using metal tags, vinyl tags, etching, or other appropriate means of identification. The equipment or property purchased through sub-grants/agreements awarded by MDHS shall be tagged and accounted for by the MDHS Property Office or, in some instances, by the Office of Monitoring.

Physical Inventory

A periodic physical inventory shall be performed by all sub-grantees at least twice yearly, using the MDHS Inventory Control List (MDHS-PROP-SE02) and submitted to the appropriate funding division and the Sub-grant Property Officer. The physical inventory shall consist of an actual accounting of all sub-grantee/lower-tier sub-recipient equipment or property on the Sub-grantee location listing and/or Inventory Control List, acquired with (or used to match) federal and/or state monies under an MDHS sub-grant. Property records pertaining to the purchase of equipment or property shall be inspected for correctness before items are identified and tagged for inventory control.

Location and use of equipment or property shall be verified by the authorized and designated MDHS Sub-grantee Property Officer who is located in the MDHS Office of Property. Sub-grantee must contact the MDHS sub-grant Property Officer to report any property or equipment that is not being utilized or managed under the terms of the sub-grants. Any such property or equipment not being utilized or managed under the terms of the sub-grants shall be recovered and/or redistributed with approval by the MDHS Property Officer in conjunction with the Director of Property.

Should a subgrant be terminated or not renewed, any equipment or property purchased under the subgrant with public funds or MDHS funds shall neither be transferred to another location nor remain at the present location under a new sub-grant with a difference sub-grantee, without the prior written approval of the MDHS Executive Director. The MDHS Inventory Transfer Form (MDHS-PROP-114B) shall be completed and submitted to the MDHS Property Office to the Attention of the MDHS Sub-grant Property Officer.
Lost, Stolen, or Damaged Equipment or Property

A sub-grantee shall submit in writing to the MDHS Office of Property, within 24 hours of discovery, a detailed explanation of any stolen, misused or unaccounted for equipment or property. The MDHS Office of Property and the designated MDHS Sub-grant Property Officer will then contact the MDHS Division Director of Administrative Services and report the incident utilizing the MDHS Office of Property reporting system to identify the lost, stolen, or damaged sub-grant equipment or property. The MDHS Office of Property may initiate an investigation to determine the cause and culpability of the matter as necessary. In case of theft, robbery or mysterious disappearance, the local police or sheriff’s department should be notified. If so notified, the name of local police or sheriff’s department official and the date the loss shall be included in the agency report. If such was not reported to a local police or sheriff’s department at the time of the discovery, a complete explanation of such failure shall be provided. A copy of the police or sheriff’s department report shall be forwarded with a letter of explanation to the MDHS Director of Property, the Sub-grant Property Officer, and the Division Director of Administrative Services. Additionally, if equipment loss occurs at the home of an employee of the sub-grantee, the employee shall provide a written statement from his/her insurance carrier indicating whether or not the stolen or lost item was paid for under his/her homeowner’s or car insurance policy. The MDHS Sub-grant Property Officer shall, with the MDHS Director of Property Office, review the information and the MDHS Director of Property a recommendation of action to be taken, if appropriate.

Liability

The sub-grantee is required to maintain enough insurance coverage for real property and equipment acquired or improved with Federal funds that is at least equivalent to insurance maintained on non-Federally funded real property or equipment. The sub-grantee is not responsible for insuring Federally-owned property or equipment unless required by the terms and conditions of the Federal award. (See 2 CFR 200.310 for guidance).

MDHS has the authority to recover the value of any missing property. If property is determined to be missing, an MDHS investigation may be initiated to determine the cause and culpability. If an investigation leads to negligence or misconduct with regards to the missing property, a demand may be made against the head of the sub-grantee agency, the agency’s property officer and/or the appropriate supervisor/director or employee.
**Damaged, Non-Serviceable Equipment or Property**

The subgrantee shall submit a written request to MDHS Property Office requesting authorization to dispose of equipment or property and an on-site inspection by MDHS Property Office may be conducted, if applicable. The MDHS Executive Director is ultimately responsible in the approval or denial of said request.

**Property Disposal or Transfer**

Sub-grantees shall notify, in writing, the MDHS Office of Property and the designed MDHS Sub-grant Property Officer when an item is either no longer needed or useful to the implementation and objective of the program. The Office of Property and/or the MDHS Sub-grant Property Officer will conduct an on-site visit if necessary with regard to the request. The sub-grantee must include the following information in the notification which can be obtained from the Inventory Control List.

- Inventory Number Assigned by Inventory Funding Source
- Description
- Purchased Price
- Dollar Value
- Agreement Number
- Grant Identifier Number
- Sub-grant Beginning and Ending Dates
- Reason for Disposal

Upon completion of an on-site visit, the MDHS Sub-grant Property Officer and/or the Director of Property shall decide the proper means of disposal in accordance with applicable Federal and state regulations. (See 2 CFR 200.311 to 200.315 and State Property Officer’s Manual). Should a sub-grant be terminated or not renewed, any equipment purchased under the sub-grant with public funds or MDHS’ funds shall neither be transferred to another location nor remain at the present location under a new sub-grant with a different sub-grantee, without the prior written approval of the MDHS Executive Director. The MDHS Sub-grant Property Officer and to the appropriate MDHS funding division by the sub-grantee whenever property is moved from one office/site to another. Appropriate “From” and “To” signatures shall be obtained.
Subgrant or Program Closeout

A subgrantee that desires to continue using equipment or property after the expiration date of the subgrant period shall submit a written request to the Attention of the MDHS Executive Director and forward it to the Subgrant Property Officer in the MDHS Property Office. Once reviewed and approved by the MDHS Sub-grant Property Officer and Director of the Property Office, the request will be forwarded through the proper channel to the Executive Director of MDHS for denial or approval. It is the established policy the Mississippi Department of Human Services to give consideration to such written request and to allow federally and/or state purchased equipment or property to remain on the premises of the organization so long as the sub-grantee continues to operate at the same site; the organization continues to serve the implementation and objective of the program; and the sub-grantee is in good standing at the time of closeout. The request shall include a copy of the Sub-grantee Inventory Control List for each item of equipment or property under the subgrant. The deadline for equipment or property retention request is the same as for the closeout package. The MDHS Director of Property shall forward the sub-grantee’s request to the MDHS Executive Director for Final approval/disapproval. The MDHS Office of Property through its Director or the Sub-grant Property Officer shall forward the final written approval or denial to the sub-grantee. If the request is denied, or if the sub-grantee fails to meet the closeout deadline, MDHS shall retrieve the equipment or property as soon as possible after the sub-grant ends. If property or equipment is left with a sub-grantee, it shall be the responsibility of the MDHS Office of Property to monitor the utilization of all items on a yearly basis, and report the findings to the MDHS Director of Administrative Services.
RECORD RETENTION AND ACCESS

Overview

Appropriate retention of records is vital to maintaining accountability for proper use of funds. Subgrantees of MDHS are required to retain all records pertinent to the subgrant, to allow access to such records including copying and/or removal thereof, and to allow timely and reasonable access to subgrantee personnel for the purpose of interview and discussion related to such documents. Whenever practicable, subgrantees of the MDHS should collect, transmit, and store Federal award-related information in open and machine readable formats rather than in closed formats or on paper.

MDHS shall always provide or accept paper versions of Federal award-related information to subgrantees upon request. If paper copies of Federal award-related information are submitted, MDHS shall not require more than an original and two (2) copies.

Financial records, supporting documents, statistical records, personnel records, and all other records pertinent to the subgrant shall be retained for a period of three (3) years from the date of submission of the final expenditure report, or for subgrants that are renewed quarterly annually from the date of the submission of the quarterly or annual financial report as reported.

The only exceptions are as follows:

1. If any litigation, claim, financial management review, or audit is started before the expiration of the three (3) year period, the records shall be retained until all such litigation, claims, reviews (including monitoring findings), or audit findings involving the records have been resolved and final action taken, whichever is later.
2. When the subgrant is notified in writing by the Federal awarding agency, cognizant agency for audit, oversight agency for audit, cognizant agency for indirect costs or MDHS to extend the retention period.
3. Records for real property and equipment acquired in whole or in-part with Federal or State funds or with funds used to match Federal funds shall be retained for three (3) years after final disposition of such property.
4. When records are transferred to or maintained by the Federal awarding agency or MDHS, the three (3) year retention requirement is not applicable to the subgrantee.
5. Records for program income transactions after the period of performance.
6. Indirect cost rate proposals and cost allocation plans. This only applies to the following types of documents and their supporting records: indirect cost rate computations,
proposals, cost allocation plans, any similar accounting computations of the rate at which a particular group of costs is chargeable.

Record Disposal Request

Prior to the destruction of any records, the subgrantee shall obtain written approval from the MDHS Division of Program Integrity and Programmatic Funding Division Director, by completing the ‘Request to Dispose of Records’ (MDHS-DPI-001). If the subgrantee fails to complete the said form, it is a serious matter that may subject the subgrantee to the risk of sanctions.

MDHS Programmatic Funding Division Directors are responsible for ensuring that records of subgrantees, whose operations are ceasing or have already done so, are properly safeguarded. If it is determined that the safety of the records should be enhanced, MDHS is authorized to request transfer of records or remove records immediately from the subgrantee’s premises.

Federal Awarding Agency Record Request

Records must be transferred from MDHS to the Federal awarding agency upon their request when it is determined that the records possess long-term retention value. The Federal awarding agency may make arrangements for MDHS to retain any records that are continuously needed for joint use in order to avoid duplicate record keeping.

Access to Records

Mississippi Department of Human Services, the Federal awarding agency, the State Auditor, the Comptroller General of the United States, or any of its duly authorized representatives shall have the right to timely and unrestricted access to any of the subgrantee’s records that are pertinent to the subgrant. This right also includes timely and reasonable access to the subgrantee’s personnel for the purpose of interviews and discussions related to these documents. The rights of access in this section are not limited to the required retention period but last as long as the records are retained.

These records include, but are not limited to, the items listed below:

1. Financial reports supporting expenditures of the subgrant;
2. Internal and external audit reports and program evaluations;
3. Executed copy of the subgrant agreement and any modifications;
4. Approved budget, budget narrative, and any modifications;
5. Contracts, leases, employment agreements, and purchase invoices;
6. Cost allocation plans and/or indirect cost rate proposals, and related support documents,
7. All invoices, billings, receiving reports, and Claim Support Forms;
8. General ledger, general journal, cash receipts journal, cash disbursements journal, payroll earnings register, and all subsidiary records;
9. All personnel records of all individuals paid in whole or in part with subgrant funds including employment applications, personnel files, time and attendance reports, wage authorizations, tax withholding forms, authorization for any deductions, time and effort records, leave records, and all other relevant data;
10. Inventory records for all property and equipment purchased in whole or in part with subgrant funds or which the subgrantee has been compensated for the use of the property and equipment through depreciation or use allowance charges, indicating acquisition date, cost of the property and equipment, identification number, location and use of the property and equipment, and evidence that procurement requirements have been met;
11. Bank statements and reconciliations, all canceled or voided checks, and deposit records;
12. Documentation of proper insurance/bonding coverage; and/or
13. Programmatic records of all types, as pertinent to particular programs involved.

Note: No Federal awarding agency may place restrictions on the subgrant that may limit public access to the records of the subgrant except for personally identifiable information or when the Federal awarding agency can demonstrate such will be a violation of the Freedom of Information Act or if the Federal awarding agency has controlled unclassified information pursuant to Executive Order 1355.
MONITORING AND AUDIT

Overview of Monitoring

The monitoring policies and procedures in this section are designed to ensure that all subgrants of MDHS are administered in compliance with laws and regulations applicable to Federal financial assistance programs, agency policies and in accordance with the terms of the subgrant agreement. MDHS Office of Monitoring in the Division of Program Integrity along with the Programmatic Funding Division are responsible for oversight of the development of appropriate monitoring instruments specifically designed to ensure compliance with program requirements, cost principles, and federal regulations.

Subgrant monitoring procedures may include several of the various options listed below but is not limited to such. These options include:

1. Reviewing reports submitted by the subgrantee;
2. Reviewing documentation supporting expenses reported under MDHS subgrants;
3. Reviewing the subgrantee’s single audit or program-specific audit results and evaluating audit findings and the subgrantee’s corrective action plan;
4. Performing on-site reviews of the fiscal and programmatic records and observing subgrantee operations; and/or
5. Consider enforcement action against non-compliant subgrantee.

Risk Assessment

As required by 2 CFR 200.331 (Requirements for Pass-Through Entities), the extent of monitoring imposed on each subgrantee shall be determined on the risk of noncompliance, MDHS will consider the following factors:

1. Subgrantees prior experience with the same or similar sub-awards;
2. Results of previous audits, in which includes whether or not subgrant receives a Single Audit in accordance with 2 CFR 200 Subpart F (Audit Requirements) and the extent to which the same or similar sub-award has been audited as a major program;
3. Prior experience of the subgrantee operating subgrants supported by Federal funds;
4. Results of previous on-site fiscal and programmatic reviews;
5. Measureable statement of work and deliverables of the subgrant;
6. Whether the subgrantee has new personnel or the subgrantee has recently changed systems; and
7. Potential for conflict of interest with the subgrantee and MDHS.
If it is determined that the subgrantee is a high-risk, a technical assistance visit will be scheduled within the first three (3) months of the subgrant period.

**Monitoring Procedures**

For a full and exhaustive procedure of how a monitoring visit will be conducted and performed. Please see the Monitoring Procedures Manual.

**On-Site Reviews for Program and Fiscal Compliance**

On-site reviews for program and fiscal compliance are required to be conducted at least once during the subgrant period for every MDHS subgrant. On-site reviews for program and fiscal compliance may be performed on any subgrant at any time and may be repeated as often as deemed necessary by MDHS. These reviews for program and fiscal compliance will be conducted by the MDHS Division of Program Integrity.

The on-site programmatic and fiscal reviews are formal in nature. Subgrantees should be notified, in writing, at least two (2) weeks prior to a routine on-site visit. MDHS reserves the right to conduct unannounced reviews as its discretion.

Each on-site review shall conclude with an exit conference in which the monitor(s) will advise the subgrantee signatory official (or designee), project director, fiscal officer, or other appropriate staff of the preliminary results of the on-site review and of the monitor’s recommendations of corrective actions necessary to resolve each finding.

A written report that follows a standard format will be completed upon return from an on-site review. The monitoring report should be completed within thirty (30) calendar days after the exit conference. The monitoring report will provide, at minimum, a narrative description of each significant instance discovered of noncompliance with federal law or regulation, state law, MDHS policy, or with the terms of the subgrant agreement. This narrative should clearly indicate the deficiency and contain all pertinent information related to such.

MDHS shall follow-up on the subgrantee’s corrective action plan for any programmatic and/or fiscal monitoring findings.

**Corrective Action Process**

The Monitoring Report is sent to the subgrantee and to the applicable MDHS Programmatic Funding Division. Said shall require a written response from the subgrantee within thirty (30) calendar days, unless otherwise indicated. The corrective action plan must include:
1. A statement of whether the subgrantee agrees with the finding or not.
2. A detailed plan of how the subgrantee will correct each individual finding to prevent this or similar finding in the future or justification for the subgrantee’s disagreement with the finding(s).
3. Any subgrantee documents, forms, policy changes, reports, accounting tools, time sheets, data collection forms, etc. that ensure the subgrantee has corrected the finding(s)
4. If the subgrantee disagrees with a finding(s) identified in the report, detailed documentation must also be submitted to refute the questioned finding(s).
5. The corrective action plan must be signed by the Authorized Official or designee. (The designee is the person granted permission to sign the Authorized Official’s signature.)

Overview of Audit

The Office of Monitoring is responsible for oversight of the subgrantee single audit requirement. The Office of Monitoring collaborates with the applicable MDHS Programmatic Funding Divisions to ensure resolution of any single audit findings that are applicable to the Programmatic Funding Division. Additionally, they are to monitor the success of corrective actions taken by said subgrant.

The provisions of this section do not limit the authority of Federal agencies or their Inspectors General or other Federal officials, MDHS, or the Office of the State Auditor, or their duly authorized representatives, to make or contract for audits, evaluations, or review. Subgrantees shall not constrain the above-named agencies or any other entity, in any manner, from carrying out audits, evaluations, or reviews.

General

The following sets forth standards for obtaining consistency and uniformity among Federal agencies for the audit of non-Federal entities expanding Federal awards. Please refer to 2 CFR 200 Subpart F meet the requirements of Single Audit, it must be conducted on an annual basis. Additionally, ninety (90) days at the end of the subgrant’s fiscal year, the subgrant must submit said audit to the Division of Program Integrity – Office of Monitoring. This is necessary to certify the sources and amounts of all Federal awards received and expended by the subgrantee.

A subgrantee that expends Federal financial assistance during the subgrant’s fiscal year of:
1. Less than $750,000.00 shall be exempt from Federal audit requirements unless the subgrantee meets a requirement in 2 CFR 200.503. However, the subgrantee must make records available for review by the appropriate officials and cannot constrain in any manner such as a federal agency, from carrying out or arranging audits;

2. $750,000.00 or more under only one (1) Federal program and the Federal program’s statutes, regulations or the terms and conditions of the Federal award do not require a financial statement audit of the subgrant, may elect to have a program-specific audit in accordance with 2 CFR 200.507; or

3. $750,000.00 or more under more than one (1) Federal program shall have an organization wide audit performed in accordance with 2 CFR 200.501(c). Please reference above.

Program-Specific Audit

If the subgrantee meets the applicable standard for a program-specific audit, it must follow Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards and guide when performing said audit. A listing of current program-specific audit guides can be found in the compliance supplement beginning with the 2014 supplement. If a program-specific audit guide is not available, the subgrant and the auditor must have the same responsibilities for the federal program as they would in a single audit. Please refer to 2 CFR 200.507 for the specific requirements the subgrantee must adhere to for program-specific audits.

Responsibilities of a Subgrantee

The subgrantee shall:

1. Maintain and make records available for review or audit by appropriate officials of the Federal agency, pass-through entity, General Accounting Office (GAO), State Auditor and/or the subgrantee’s independent auditor;

2. Procure or otherwise arrange for the audit required by 2 CFR 200.508 in accordance with 2 CFR 200.509 (“Auditor Selection”) and ensure it is properly performed and submitted when due in accordance with 2 CFR 200.512 (“Report Submission”);

3. Prepare financial statements that reflect its financial position, results of operations, and, where appropriate, cash flows for the fiscal awards for the period covered by the subgrantee’s financial statements, which shall be prepared in accordance with 2 CFR 200.510 (“Financial Statements”);

4. Ensure that audits are conducted and reported in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standard, Government Auditing Standards and 2 CFR 200.514.520, as applicable. Additionally, all copies of the auditor’s reports, and any management letters
issued by the auditors, must be submitted to the Office of Monitoring immediately, but no later than nine (9) months after the end of the subgrantee’s fiscal year;

5. Be responsible for follow-up and corrective action on all audit findings, including a preparation of a summary schedule of prior audit findings and a corrective action plan in accordance with 200.511 (“Audit Findings Follow-up”);

6. Assure MDHS subgrants are properly identified and audited as part of an organization wide audit. MDHS may request a subgrantee that is required to have an organization wide audit to have a particular program audited as a major program. Such requests shall be made at least 180 days prior to the end of the fiscal year to be audited. The subgrantee, after consultation with its auditor, shall inform MDHS whether the program would otherwise be audited as a major program using a risk-based approach and, if not, the estimated incremental costs. MDHS shall then promptly confirm to the sub-grantee whether it wants the program audited as a major program.

7. Prepare a separate schedule of indirect costs. If indirect costs are claimed under any MDHS subgrant (which shall at a minimum include a listing of actual indirect costs incurred during the subgrantee’s fiscal year by line-item), a description and amount of the base used to allocate indirect costs to all of the subgrantee’s programs, and the calculation of an actual indirect cost rate based on the audited amounts must be submitted to MDHS;

8. Complete the MDHS ‘Subgrantee Audit Information Form’ (MDHS-DPI-002) and submit the form to the Office of Monitoring. Said is requested to be completed within ninety (90) days of the end of the subgrantee’s fiscal year; and

9. Submit a copy of the data collection form and the reporting package, which are specified under 2 CFR 200.512, directly to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse (FAC), Bureau of the Census. The data collection form and reporting package must be submitted electronically through the FAC web address at http://harvester.census.gov/facweb/. Any future updates to the web location of the FAC may be found at the OMB website.

Management Decision

MDHS is responsible for issuing a management decision within six (6) months of acceptance of the audit report by FAC. The management decision must clearly state whether or not the audit finding is sustained, the reason for the decision and the expected subgrantee action to repay disallowed cost, make financial adjustments or take other action. If the subgrantee has not completed corrective action, a timetable for follow-up should be given. The subgrantee must initiate and proceed with corrective action as rapidly as possible and corrective action should begin no later than upon receipt of the audit report.
Limited Scope of Audits of Specific Compliance Areas

MDHS may engage an independent Certified Public Accountant to perform a Limited Scope Audit of specified MDHS subgrants. The need for this type of review shall be determined on an individual basis and shall be documented by MDHS. The results of this review shall be communicated to the subgrantee and to the applicable MDHS Programmatic Funding Divisions in a written notice.

Non-Compliance

In cases of continued inability or unwillingness to have an audit conducted, MDHS and/or the federal agency shall take appropriate action as provided in Non-Compliance Section of this manual.

Discovery of Possible Fraud, Mismanagement, or Program Abuse

In the event indications of possible fraud, mismanagement, or program abuse are discovered during the course of monitoring a subgrant, it should be referred for an investigation by completing the Fraud Tip Form¹. Program Integrity will investigate as warranted by the policies and procedures established.

¹ https://app.smartsheet/b/form/dc594bd58ad44f808bd8c15a62c65bf
CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

OVERVIEW

The closeout of a subgrant is the process by which MDHS determines that all applicable administrative actions and all required work of the subgrant have been completed. Subgrantees are responsible for ensuring an orderly and timely work of the subgrant have been completed. Subgrantees are responsible for ensuring an orderly and timely programmatic phase out of subgrants and the financial settlement of subgrantee and vendor claims. The subgrantee closeout procedures describe the instructions to be followed to officially close subgrants awarded by MDHS. Subgrantees should also refer to 45 CFR Part 74 and/or Part 92, as applicable.

DUE DATE OF CLOSEOUT PROCEEDINGS

The closeout proceedings bearing original or electronic signatures is due and shall be received by the appropriate MDHS funding division forty-five (45) calendar days from the ending date of a subgrant, the reported expenditure of all funds allocated for a program year, the end of the time period of availability of funds, or a specific date designated by the funding division, in writing. A copy of the closeout package should be retained by the subgrantee.

Note: Closeout packages that are not received in a timely manner may result in a delay processing ‘Cash Advance Claim Support Form’ and may adversely affect future subgrant funding.

Subgrantees may revise the closeout proceedings, with a written detailed explanation, after the initial documents are received by MDHS. This revision shall be submitted within sixty (60) calendar days after the ending date of the subgrant or a specific date designed by the funding division, in writing. Supporting documentation, subject to the approval of MDHS, shall be able to make any additional funds available. However, amounts due to MDHS resulting from additional refunds, rebates or credits occurring after this point will be processed. In this case, a revised final ‘Claims Support Form’ shall also be submitted.

Administrative Closeout

If a subgrantee fails to close out a program year sixty (60) days after the grant ends or fails to properly adhere to established closeout policies and regulations, MDHS may complete an administrative closeout package using fiscal information from the official grant file maintained by the funding division. A copy of the administrative closeout will be provided to the subgrantee to be maintained as a part of their official grant file.
EQUIPMENT/PROPERTY CLOSEOUT

A subgrantee that desires to continue using equipment or property after the expiration date of the subgrant period shall submit a written request to the Director of the MDHS Funding Division. It is the established policy of MDHS to give consideration to written request, to allow federally and/or state purchased equipment or property to remain on the premises of the organization, if the subgrantee continues to operate at the same site, as long as, the organization continues to serve the implementation and objective of the program, and the subgrantee is in good standing at the time of closeout. The request shall include a copy of the ‘Subgrantee Inventory Control List’ for each item of equipment or property under the subgrant. The deadline for equipment or property retention request is the same as for the closeout package. The Director of the MDHS Funding Division shall forward the subgrantee’s request to the Executive Director or designee for approval/disapproval. The Director of the MDHS Funding Division shall then forward the approval or denial to the subgrantee. If property or equipment is left with a subgrantee, it shall be the responsibility of the MDHS Funding Division to monitor the utilization of all items on a yearly basis, and report the findings to the MDHS Property Office. If the subgrantee changes location from the original site, then the aforementioned would have to be resubmitted for approval by the previous subgrantee. If the request is denied, or if the subgrantee fails to meet the closeout deadline, MDHS shall retrieve the equipment or property as soon as possible after the subgrant ends.
NONCOMPLIANCE

OVERVIEW

If a subgrant fails to comply with Federal Statutes, regulations or terms and conditions of the Federal award, the Federal awarding agency or MDHS additional conditions may be imposed.

Specific Conditions

MDHS may impose additional specific award conditions as needed, under the following circumstances:

1. Based on the criteria set forth in § 200.205 Federal awarding agency review of risk posed by applicants;
2. When an applicant or recipient has a history of failure to comply with the general or specific terms and conditions of a Federal award;
3. When an applicant or recipient fails to meet expected performance goals as described in § 200.210 Information contained in a Federal award; or
4. When an applicant or recipient is not otherwise responsible.

These additional Federal award conditions may include items such as the following:

1. Requiring payments as reimbursements rather than advance payments;
2. Withholding authority to proceed to the next phase until receipt of evidence of acceptable performance within a given period of performance;
3. Requiring additional, more detailed financial reports;
4. Requiring additional project monitoring;
5. Requiring the non-Federal entity to obtain technical or management assistance; and/or
6. Establishing additional prior approvals.

MDHS must notify the subgrant as to:

1. The nature of the additional requirements;
2. The reason why the additional requirements are being imposed;
3. The nature of the action needed to remove the additional requirement, if applicable;
4. The time allowed for completing the actions if applicable, and
5. The method for requesting reconsideration of the additional requirements imposed.

If noncompliance fails to be remedied by implementing additional specific conditions listed above, then the Federal awarding agency or MDHS may take one (1) or more of the following actions:
1. Temporarily withhold cash payments pending correction of the deficiency by the subgrant or more severe enforcement action by the Federal awarding agency or MDHS.
2. Disallow (that is deny both the use of funds and any applicable matching credit for) all or part of the cost of the activity or action not in compliance.
3. Wholly or partly suspend or terminate the Federal award.
4. Initiate suspension or debarment proceedings as authorized under 2 CFR part 180 and Federal awarding agency regulations.
5. Withhold further Federal awards for the project or Program.
6. Take other actions that may be legally available.

Termination

A subgrant may be terminated in whole or in part as follows:

1. By the Federal awarding agency or by MDHS if the subgrant entity fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the Federal award;
2. By the Federal awarding agency or by MDHS for good cause;
3. By the Federal awarding agency or MDHS with the consent of the subgrant, in which case the two (2) parties must agree upon the termination conditions including the effective date and in the case of partial termination the portion to be terminated; or
4. By the subgrant upon sending to the Federal awarding agency or MDHS written notification setting forth the reasons for such termination. Note that the Federal awarding agency or MDHS determines in the case of partial termination that the reduced or modified portion of the award will not accomplish the purposes for which the original award was made, the Federal awarding agency or MDHS may terminate the award in its entirety.

When an award is terminated or partially terminated the subgrantee will remain responsible for compliance with the requirements for closeout and post-closeout adjustments and continuing responsibilities. See the Closeout Procedures section of this manual. The federal awarding agency or MDHS must provide written notification to the subgrant of termination.

GOOD CAUSE

Good Cause may be imposed for the following situations but not limited to:

1. Conviction, plea agreement of guilt or civil judgement for:
   a. Commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public or private agreement or transaction;
b. Violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes, including those proscribing price fixing between competitors, allocation of customers between competitors, and bid rigging;
c. Commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, receiving stolen property, making false claims, or obstruction of justice; or
d. Commission of any other offense indicating a lack of business integrity or business Honesty that seriously and directly affects the present responsibility of a person/subgrantee.

2. Violation of the terms of a public agreement or transaction so serious as to affect the integrity of a MDHS program, such as:
   a. A willful failure to perform in accordance with the terms of one or more public agreements or transactions.
   b. A history of failure to perform or of unsatisfactory performance of one or more public agreements or transactions.

3. A non-procurement debarment by any Federal agency taken before October 1, 1988, the effective date of these regulations, or a procurement debarment by any Federal agency taken pursuant to 45 CFR 76; or

4. Knowingly doing business with a debarred suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded person, in connection with a covered transaction, except as permitted by the agency.

Note this is not an exhaustive list.

**Costs during Termination or Suspension**

Costs to the subgrantee resulting from obligations incurred by the subgrantee during a suspension or after a termination of the award are not allowable unless the Federal awarding agency or MDHS expressly authorizes them in the notice of suspension or termination or subsequently in writing. The costs made during suspension or after termination are allowable if it meets the requirements below:

1. The costs result from obligations that were properly incurred by the subgrantee before the effective date of suspension or termination and subgrantee is not in anticipation of it; and
2. The costs would be allowable of the Federal award was not suspended or expired normally at the end of the period of performance in which the termination takes effect.
Appeals

MDHS provides a subgrantee an opportunity to object and provide information and documentation challenging the adverse or noncompliance action. Please see “Appendix D” regarding procedures for requesting an administrative hearing or see Part 23 Chapter 1: “Administrative Hearings for MDHS Subgrant/Agreement Manual.”